# How do students explain and understand different variables? 

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## Research question

- Overarching research question was
"How do students explain and elaborate on their understanding of variables?"


## Theoretical background

- Placeholder (An arithmetic identity with a hidden number Kieran, 1981)
- "swap the side swap the sign" or "do the same on both sides" (Andrews \& Öhman, 2019).
- Relations between sizes or number(Function relationships)
- Generel Identity (An identity is an equality that holds true regardless of the values chosen for its variables).

Used as a framework in the interview guide

## Method

- Five ${ }^{\text {th }}$ grade students
- From one boarding school (Efterskole)
- Selected by their teacher (Voluntary and parents' consent)
- Semi structured interview
- Interview guide based evaluated by researchers from VIA University


## Coding proces

- Separately
- Codebook
- Discussion about findings or disagreements - together with senior researcher

| Spargsmål intro 1.3 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ligevægts forståelse: $y \operatorname{og} x$ skal være det samme tal $\rightarrow$ dynamisk i forhold til lighedstegnet | ubekendt: $x$ og $y$ er en betegnelse for noget man ikke ved hvad er ligevægts forståelse: x og y er det samme, navnet er underordnet | Taleksempel <br> To forskellige bogstaver, to forskellige tal - x og y er forskellige Hun har et forhold mellem dem, og fastholder dette $\rightarrow$ statisk forståelse af lighedstegnet | Variabler/konstante $\mathrm{r} \rightarrow$ ved ikke hvad begreberne betyder y og x: man ved ikke hvad de er, det kan ikke regnes ud. De afhænger af hinanden Ligevægts forståelse: samme tal på hver sin side | Ubekendt og pladsholder: man ved ikke hvad x og $y$ er Ligevægts forståelse: x og y er det samme |



## Can you explain this expression

$$
y=x
$$

## Confusion

Different letters means different numbers
$y$ is equal to $x$... This means
for example if $y$ is 1 then $x$
is 3 and if $y$ is 2 then $x$ is 6

## Results

- The understanding of the equal sign needs to be addressed-that is, the student needs to develop the understanding of the symmetric property (e.g., $a=b$ and $b=a$ ).
- Understanding of different letters can represent the same value (bias from natural numbers)


## Connections



- Conceptual understanding - network


## Connections

Placeholder
Problems - equal sign
Procedural knowledge

## Reference

- Andrews, P \& Öhman, S. (2019). Swedish upper secondary students' understanding of linear equations: An enigma?. Acta Didactica Napocensia, 12(1), 117-129
- Dahl, M. T. \& Jørgensen, P. B. (2022): Variable i matematik. Bacheloropgave, VIA University College
- Kieran, C. (1981). Concepts Associated with the equality symbol. Educational Studies in Mathematics, (12), 317-326

